Solid Earth Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/se-2019-98-RC2, 2019 © Author(s) 2019. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License.



SED

Interactive comment

Interactive comment on "Miocene basement exhumation in the Central Alps recorded by detrital garnet geochemistry in foreland basin deposits" by Laura Stutenbecker et al.

Lorenzo Gemignani (Referee)

lorgem3@gmail.com

Received and published: 11 July 2019

Reviewer 2 comments

General reviewer comments: In the Paper titled "Miocene basement exhumation in the central Alps recorded by detrital garnet geochemistry in foreland basin deposits" Stutenbecker et al. use a relatively new provenance tool to infer a minimum peak age of the exhumation of the External Alpine Massifs and their consequent exposure as a surface lithologies. Their major outcomes highlight the possibility that portions of the external massifs have been exhumed and eroded since ~ 14 Ma. This could be regarded as a potential novel find and I think that is a good starting point to speculate on

Printer-friendly version

Discussion paper



SED

Interactive comment

Printer-friendly version

Discussion paper



data in a more precise metamorphic, tectonic and erosional patterns context. The lat-

est, in my opinion, would require a bit of discussion on how the foreland deposits might have been biased by e.g. river patterns reorganization during Miocene to present-day time, heterogeneous erosional patterns along strike, glacial processes, etc. Those processes are important for the evolution of the detrital record and need to be accounted while interpreting provenance data. It would be really helpful to show a compilation of different available datasets as a map view tracking External Massifs source units and their contribution in the Molasse sedimentary deposits. How does the hinterland info's are correlated with the detrital ones? A Map would greatly help the reader to track source hinterland and detrital provenance, the author cuould benefit by using their previous work e.g. Stutenbecker et al. (2017). An effort has been done in Figure. 2. However, there is not a correspondence between the legend and metamorphic grade indicated in the map. This map might be redrawn as a simplified map highlighting the information that is essential to understand the authors' discussion. Overall, the paper reads well but there are a few changes required. I have noticed a few interferences between results description and discussion, this might be changed. The English language is good, although I might not be the best example of scrutinizer on this topic, I,

Comments byline: 25. "Tectonic processes influence" I find "influence" a bit week, maybe change with "regulate" or "drive" the evolution of mountain chains. 34. Please be more specific, what you mean for highest erosion rates in the Alps in (mm/yr) or as you mention in line 43 km/Myr. 61. New provenance studies that used detrital thermochronology multi-proxy approach to constrain exhumation rates and its spatial variability has been recently used in the Alps (e.g. Carrapa et al., 2016; Tectonics; Gemignani et al., 2017. Tectonics) and need to be acknowledged. 72-75. Additional information to what. Does the author mean to previously published papers? Such as for instance Stutenbecker et al. (2017). Tectonic forcing of the Molasse basin or in the hinterland? Please be more specific. 82-84. Reference is needed 105. architectural elements are capital, column, architrave, etc. Do the authors mean tectonic units or litho-tectonic units? 119-120: It would be useful if the author could refer to a temporal

therefore, suggest a native English colleague reading the manuscript once.

SED

Interactive comment

Printer-friendly version

Discussion paper



SED

Interactive comment

Printer-friendly version

Discussion paper



focus of a recent debate in literature see e.g. Schildgen et al. 2018 vs. Fox et al. 2015.

SED

Printer-friendly version

Discussion paper



2016, Herman et al., 2013, etc., and I think it is important to discuss it. 363-364. What is the present-day evolution of the detrital provenance/thermochronological signal? Which units constitute the present-day major erosional contributions in the Alpine river patterns? I think that might be useful for the authors to acknowledge recent studies that worked on tracking source rocks information with detrital thermochronologic evolution of modern river sands in the Alpine river patterns. There are several works that investigate these processes in a different portion of the Alps and should be, in my opinion, acknowledged (Bernet et al., 2009, Carrapa et al., 2004, Gemignani et al., 2017; Resentini et al., 2012). 365. "Very young", how young <2 Ma, <5 Ma, <10 Ma, <30 Ma? 370-393. At this point, it is clear that the compositional change of the garnets in the youngest \sim 14 Ma foreland deposits with respect to the older \sim 19 Ma interval (where Grn yield a different composition = different provenance) has been interpreted by the authors as the lower temporal limit for the surficial exposure of the External Basement Massifs units. Using this new observation they argue for "important implication for the tectonic evolution of the orogen" (Lines 375-376). Furthermore, the authors support the geometric restoration of the central Alps (Aar Massif-Helvetic nappes) as proposed by Nibourel et al., 2018, where \sim 7-8 km of basement rocks have been exhumed and eroded since ~14 Ma lead by "lithospheric mantle roll back" associated with "crustal delamination" and "buoyancy-driven vertical exhumation coupled with surface erosion" of the External Basement Massifs (e.g. Herwegh et al., 2017). This point in the discussion is clear and well expressed, however, I think that you should describe also the other proposed model in the introduction, and, lately, data on hands, describe why your data support this proposed hypothesis. This is, in my opinion, a bit lacking in the text and would require some improvements.

Please also note the supplement to this comment:

https://www.solid-earth-discuss.net/se-2019-98/se-2019-98-RC2-supplement.pdf

Interactive comment on Solid Earth Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/se-2019-98, 2019.