# Response to the comments of reviewer #1

Manuscript se-2020-13, Linsel et al.

# "High-Resolution Analysis of the Physicochemical Characteristics of Sandstone Media at the Lithofacies Scale"

Dear Reviewers and Editor,

we would like to express our sincerest thanks to the reviewers who both provided a very constructive feedback, which helped to significantly enhance the quality of our manuscript. Below please find a point-by-point response to the general and specific comments of Mattia Pizzati (reviewer #1). The response is provided in blue color whereas replaced and new text in the manuscript is indicated by *italic blue* font.

### **General comments**

Dear Authors and Editor,

below you can find the review of the submitted manuscript.

Revisions are made by describing the issues found line by line and also on the text file of the manuscript, in which critical points were highlighted in green color. Comments on figures, figure captions and tables are presented at the end of this file as well.

This manuscript is focused on the analysis of physical, chemical petrophysical and diagenetic properties characterizing a fluvial-lacustrine sandstone mouth bar at the sedimentological facies scale. Applied methods include both field and laboratory measurements, statistical validation and cross-checking.

Laboratory analyses and statistical tests are thoroughly described and explained, and even if the section describing methods may appear quite long compared to the rest of the manuscript, I feel it is necessary to the full comprehension of the results and discussion. This is particularly true for readers who may not have a strong statistical background and without this support they could be discouraged in going through the text.

The quality of written English is very high, sentences are clear and reading is fluent. I found some minor mistakes and added a few suggestions to further improve the structure of sentences.

Figures are schematic, clear and of good quality. I inserted a few suggestions aimed to improve their visibility and minor corrections to be done mainly on legends and captions.

Data presented fully support the thesis the authors wanted to discuss. This manuscript represents a good example of how important is the detailed study of petrophysical, diagenetic and physical properties of sandstone at the scale of the sedimentary facies.

Maybe it would have been nice to have an additional paragraph inside the discussion in which the authors could have described the implications for water-oil reservoir exploitation and maybe also the up-scaling of the properties they discuss. However, this could be much beyond the original aim of the present work, but it may represent a cue for future studies.

Thank you for your thoughtful and constructive comments. Indeed, the implications for the water-oil reservoir exploitation and for other processes connected to subsurface utilization such as mining, geothermal heat extraction or nuclear waste disposal are quite impacting. In a follow-up paper, we describe, how the local geological variability, as described in this manuscript, can be accounted for in spatial property predictions using sequential simulations. In the scope of this manuscript, we have added another conclusion as follows:

#### "…

5. As shown in this study, the local geological variability should not be underestimated as an uncertainty factor in spatial predictions and up-scaling procedures. In fact, the local geological variability of physicochemical properties might nearly cover the variability being present in an entire formation. Therefore, a high-resolution analysis of physicochemical rock properties can assist in assessing the uncertainty of field-scale property models, which is induced by the local geological variability at the lithofacies scale.

Another point that could be of real interest is to test the differences or similarities between the properties of undeformed sandstone and fault rocks, since in the described outcrop at least two faults with few meter of displacement are present. Again consider this as a hint for next research topics.

As the study was not aimed at estimating the influence of fault-compartmentalization and accompanying rock deformation onto the petrophysical properties of rock, we did not take that into account here. We are, however, grateful for the suggestion to consider that in a future research project.

I think this paper is worth to be accepted on Solid Earth after the completion of technical minor revisions.

I really hope this review will be helpful to the improvement of the final version of your manuscript. It is a nice research topic and deserves to be developed in the best way. Do not hesitate to contact me in case any questions or doubts arise from these comments:

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#### **Specific comments**

Line 14: Please add a hyphen between "intergranular" to "inter-granular".

#### We have added a hyphen at each occurrence of "intergranular" in the running text.

Line 19: Perhaps this is just a tiny detail, but also in textbooks I always read "P and Swaves" with capital letters. In the entire text of the manuscript it is reported with lower case. Consider

if this suggestion suits you. To ease the identification, I underlined "p and s-waves" throughout all the text.

Yes, we agree that P- and S-wave is provided with capital letters in most scientific works and we revised the expression in the text.

Line 20: Here maybe "strictly" may sound better than "inevitably".

We agree and revised the expression.

Line 22: Consider substituting "In fact" with "Following this,".

We agree and revised the text accordingly.

Line 50: Please add a hyphen in "interrelationships" to "inter-relationships".

We have added a hyphen at each occurrence of "interrelationships" in the running text.

Line 54: Please change "are taken" with "have been sampled".

#### We have revised the given passage in the text.

Line 56: Perhaps the term "*series*" sounds a bit too generic. Is it possible to adopt the word "*orogeny*" or "*tectonic event*"? I have limited knowledge of regional geology of Germany, so evaluate if this term need to be corrected or not.

The Cisularian is the first series of the Permian. Therefore, we would prefer to stick with our original expression here.

Line 59: Check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

Line 72: When you are referring to specific hierarchical stratigraphic nomenclature (formation, group and so on) you should adopt the capital letters. Following this, please correct " *Disibodenberg formation* " with "*Disibodenberg Formation*".

#### Yes, that is true. We revised it accordingly.

Line 73: You provided the present-day depth of the Disibodenberg Formation in the Upper Rhine Graben. Is it possible to constrain, even roughly, the maximum burial depth experienced by the studied sandstone in your field site? It could be very interesting since further below you describe the effects of mechanical and chemical compaction affecting the sandstone.

Thank you very much for this important comment. We have inserted a sentence which refers to the study of Henk (1992) whose results indicate that the maximum thickness of the

overburden in this area of the Saar-Nahe-Basin was in the range between 1,950 m and 2400 m.

"The maximum past overburden of the field site can be estimated to be between 1,950 m and 2,400 m as indicated by shale-compaction analyses, which were performed by Henk (1992)."

Line 76: To avoid the repetition of the word "*formation*" you can substitute the second highlighted word simply with "*it*".

We agree.

Line 77: Here maybe "were sampled" or "were extracted" sounds better than "were taken".

We agree and changed the expression into "were extracted"

Line 81: Please change the sequence of these words from "*The cubes both were...*" to "*The cubes were both...*".

#### Yes, we reordered the words.

Line 84: With the term "*granularity*" are you describing the angularity of grains composing the mouth-bar sandstone strata? If so I believe that "*angularity*" provides a clearer and more straightforward idea of what you are describing.

We agree and changed "granularity" to "angularity".

Lines 86-87: Since you are describing a methodology with only one bibliography reference maybe you should turn to the singular form "*This approach, however, does often...*".

#### Yes, thank you for this suggestion!

Line 88: Instead of "*we measured the faces of the cubes…*" if you prefer adopt the form "*we performed analyses on faces of the cubes…*".

#### Yes, that sounds better.

Line 96: Can you define the size of the elementary cell used in 3D models?

We have added a sentence, in which the size of an elementary cell is provided

"The elementary cell of OSB1\_c has a volume of 5.7  $10^7$  m<sup>3</sup> whereas OSB2\_c's elementary cells have a volume of 3  $10^{-7}$  m<sup>3</sup>."

Line 97: Perhaps the title of the paragraphs could be changed to "*In situ measurements*" or "*Field measurements*".

As we are describing the laboratory experiments in this section, we have changed the title to *"Laboratory experiments"* accordingly. We hope that our suggestion might suit you well too.

Line 102: Check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

Line 105: Check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p*- and s-waves" or the capitalized one "*P*- and S-waves".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

Line 111: Since in the same sentence you used the past simple, I would recommend to keep the same style. If you agree change "*do*" with "*did*".

Yes, we agree and revised it.

Line 117: Check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

Line 119: Here maybe erase the second "*travel*" since it could be a repetition.

We needed to rearrange this part of the text as the first occurrence of "travel" does not refer to "density". The new sentence sounds like follows

"The wave velocity is a function of travel length and time together with the density of the material"

Line 119: Check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

Line 129: Perhaps "insights on" sounds better than "insight into".

To the best of our knowledge, the usual preposition for "insight" is "into". Therefore, we would prefer to stick with our original expression here.

Line 130: I would rework the sentence as indicated: "*can significantly impact the petrophysical properties*".

We have reordered the sentence accordingly.

Line 151: Check if here you want to use "neighborhood" or "neighbor".

We would prefer to stick with our formulation here as we are in fact considering a neighborhood instead of a single neighbor here.

Line 186: Check if you want to keep the lower case version "p- and s-waves" or the

capitalized one "P- and S-waves".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

Lines 191-192: Check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

Line 244: Consider if "sampled" suits better than "taken".

Yes, it does, and we changed it accordingly.

Line 247: In the previous sentence you state that the basal part of the bed can be classified as Bauma A subdivision, which ideally implies massive medium-coarse sandstone. However, in this line it is reported the presence of "*sub-horizontal layering*", that may contrast with what is described above (massive should mean structureless). Can you please clarify this point? I fully understand that the Bauma subdivision is something purely ideal, and differences from the model may occur. Are these "*sub-horizontal layers*" similar to crude laminations, which typically occur in the upper part of the Bauma A subdivision?

This is a very good point, which may not have been clarified appropriately in the text. In a Bouma A interval the rip-up clasts may build a form of layering above the base if they are exposed to a decent degree of buoyancy during transport. In order to clarify this issue, we now refer to the schematic provided by Middleton (1993) in which OSB1\_c corresponds to Bouma A and OSB2\_c corresponds to Bouma E. The text in the final revised version has been adapted accordingly.

Line 247: By "*homogeneous*" here you mean massive, without any structure or are you referring to the grain size. Sorry for being blunt here, but personally "*homogeneous*" fells a bit to generic.

We implemented your suggestion here. Thank you!

Line 251: Here maybe instead of "transitions" you can use "decreases".

We used your suggested formulation here.

Line 252: See if this reworking suits you: "*Likewise, sorting increases from poor to moderate*".

Sound way better, thank you!

Line 252: Instead of "continuously" perhaps use "throughout the entire sample volume".

Perfect, we adapted the text accordingly.

Line 255: To be more explicit please add "... sub-vertically with respect to bedding".

Yes, your suggestion makes the expression now very explicit. Thanks for that!

Line 256-257: Could you please separate the percentage of feldspar and the one pertaining to the lithic fragments (mica, rock fragments)? Just to have the percentage relative to quartz, feldspar and rock fragments.

Yes, we clarified it in the text as the 20-30% was only meant to represent the fraction of feldspar rather than the lithic fragments.

"The original rigid detrital components consist of 50–60% quartz, 20–30% strongly altered feldspar as well as 10–25% lithic fragments."

Line 258: Please define if possible the nature of "ductile, autochthonous grains".

We have added "*pelite*" before "grains". Hopefully, the nature of the grains can be clarified by this additional information.

Line 260: Here I believe you can use the in-text citation reference "*Herron (1988*)" instead of the form in parentheses.

Yes indeed. Thank you!

Line 261: Here I would erase "produced".

"produced" has been erased.

Line 263: You can add "*primary*" before "*inter-granular*" since here you are referring to the original porosity of the sandstone prior to compaction.

Yes, we agree and added "primary" before "inter-granular".

Line 272: You can use the word "analyses" to avoid repetition of "measurements".

Yes, we revised the expression.

Line 279: Check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

Line 282: Check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

Line 309: Check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

Line 310: Please correct the misspelled word "petrophyscial" with "petrophysical".

We corrected the typo. Thanks for the hint.

Line 326: Here I would erase "The" to make the sentence lighter.

Thank you for the suggestion but we would rather keep the "The" at the beginning of the sentence and leave it up to the typesetters whether it can be erased or not.

Line 326: Maybe "that" is more correct than "what".

Indeed, we revised it.

Line 368: Here you should use the plural form "*lead*" instead of the third person "*leads*", since the subject of the sentence is plural "*alteration products*".

Yes, we agree and revised it.

Line 388: Please add a hyphen between "intergranular" to "inter-granular".

We added a hyphen at each occurrence of "intergranular" in the running text.

Line 390: See if this sentence reworking sounds: "...which might have further enforced degradation of porosity and permeability".

This sounds way better. Thank you!

Line 391: Maybe you can change "analogies" simply with "ones".

Yes, we agree. Also, we have split up the sentence into two ones and added "matrix-rich" in front of "media" in order to emphasize the distinction between the different types of porous media.

"Primary matrix typically plugs the pore throats of porous, matrix-rich media. This reduces the ability to conduct fluids compared to matrix-free ones."

Line 409: Please add a hyphen between "intergranular" to "inter-granular".

We added a hyphen at each occurrence of "intergranular" in the running text.

Line 454: Check if this reference is correct, at the end appears an abbreviation "*edn.*" which duplicates the info given before. Maybe it just depends on the reference organizer you adopted.

Yes, this was indeed an inconsistency in the reference organizer. Thank you for the remark.

Line 484: Please put "scotland" in capital letters "Scotland".

#### Corrected.

Line 534: Check if this reference is correct, at the end appears an abbreviation "*edn.*" which duplicates the info given before. Maybe it just depends on the reference organizer you adopted.

Yes, this was indeed an inconsistency in the reference organizer. Thank you for the remark.

Line 563: Check if this reference is correct, at the end appears an abbreviation "*edn.*" which duplicates the info given before. Maybe it just depends on the reference organizer you adopted.

Yes, this was indeed an inconsistency in the reference organizer. Thank you for the remark.

# Fig. 1

In Fig.1a is reported "*scissor faults*" are you referring to a conjugate system of extensional faults with opposing dip direction? Can they be defined simply "*conjugate faults*"?

The fault belongs to the Lauter fault zone which constitutes an anastomosing, steeply dipping set of strike-slip transform faults with interleaved lens-shaped segments. Furthermore, the lens-shaped segments are characterized by block rotations the axis of which is oblique to the general fault trend (Stoffhofen, 1998). We changed "scissor faults" to the more generic "transform faults" and placed a reference to the article of Stollhofen (1998).

"The outcrop is compartmentalized in the central part by two transform faults, which belong to the Lauter fault zone (Stollhofen, 1998). The strike-slip faults provide offsets of a few meters."

In Fig.1a there is a white rectangle in the background of the label "*scissor faults*" which partially overlaps with the outcrop image. Please shift upward the white rectangle to avoid intersection.

# We removed the background of the label.

In the legend in Fig.1e you indicate "*current ripples*", but as you wrote for "*plant fragment and intraclast*" you should use the singular form instead of the plural. In the caption you state "*scissor faults*", see if you prefer to use the term "*conjugate faults*" if you feel it could be more correct.

#### We agree and adapted the text.

In the caption is reported "*rip-up clasts*", here you can add the nature of the eroded clasts "*pelitic rip-up clasts*".

#### We agree and adapted the text.

In the caption please correct "course sand" with "coarse sand".

Of course, that is such an obvious typo. Thank you very much!

# Fig. 2

In the figure caption please correct "dashes lines" with "dashed lines".

Again, a very obvious typo. Thanks for the remark.

# Fig. 3

In the figure caption check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

### Revision has been implemented as described above.

In the figure caption you write "*x-ray*", while in the rest of the manuscript is written with capital letters "*X-ray*". Consider revising this point to keep the same style throughout all the text.

### We revised it.

### Fig. 4

In the caption please erase one of the highlighted "the" the avoid repetition.

#### We revised it.

# Fig. 6

In the caption please evaluate to change "major parts" with "the vast majority of ...".

Thanks for the suggestion. We revised it accordingly.

In the caption please add a hyphen between "intergranular" to "inter-granular".

#### We revised it.

# Fig. 7

In the figure caption check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

# Fig. 8

In the figure caption check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p- and s-waves*" or the capitalized one "*P- and S-waves*".

Revision has been implemented as described above.

# Fig. 9

To ease the distinction of the different lines you can try to enlarge a bit both the graphs, or you may assign different colors for every face of the cube.

We both rearranged and resized the elements of the figure and assigned different colors for every face of the cubes.

# Table 1

In the table caption check if you want to keep the lower case version "*p*- and s-waves" or the capitalized one "*P*- and S-waves".

Revision has been implemented as described above.